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While the book is, in the first place, a political and sociological study, it is incidentally also of great interest to the geographer through these manifold ways in which ethnological conditions are shown to influence the march of affairs. For this reason it may almost be called a geography of man in India, and it ought to be found by many a valuable supplement to the current books of a more strictly geographical character on that interesting country.

MARTHA K. GENTHE.

Tramps in Dark Mongolia. By John Hedley, F.R.G.S. xii and 348 pp., illustrations and map. T. Fisher Unwin, London, 1910. 12s. 6d.

The wanderings of Mr. Hedley, were really within the confines of China proper, as they were in the northeast of the Pechili Province, north of the Great Wall and of the railroad from Tien-tsin to Kin-tshou. Most of the region, however, is quite inaccessible and almost unknown and he has given an interesting account of this great district which is blessed with rich resources and destined some day to be important. Mr. Hedley is a missionary who in his trips was able to converse with all classes of people in their own language and thus he secured a great variety of information concerning their mode of living and general customs, which are believed to be now about what they were a thousand years before the Christian era. Studying both Christians and Mongols on the borderland where the two races meet he found that their Government is very bad, that the authorities at Peking give little attention to their well-being and that brigands and oppression are wide-spread. He believes that in the course of the development of minerals and railroads, prosperity will come to this outlying part of China, which has great possibilities of growth and enrichment. One of the advantages of the book is that this earnest missionary is well informed as to the history of the country and its people, so that he tells us what has happened at various places and correlates the landscape with the events that once influenced half the world. The book fills most adequately a gap in our acquaintance with China.

Tent Life in Siberia. Adventures among the Koraks and other tribes in Kamchatka and Northern Asia. By George Kennan. xix and 482 pp., 32 illustrations and maps. G. P. Putnam's Sons, New York, 1910. \$2.50.

This is the book that made Mr. Kennan well known in 1870, when it was published. In the forty years since then the book has never been out of print, nor ceased to find readers. This long demand has encouraged the author to issue a revised, illustrated and much enlarged edition. The present volume contains over 15,000 words of new matter, including the incidents and adventures of a winter journey overland from the Okhotsk Sea to the Volga River, a sleigh ride of more than 5,000 miles. A large number of the views are from photographs taken by recent explorers.

Studies in Galilee. By Ernest W. Gurney Masterman. With a preface by George Adam Smith. xv and 154 pp., maps and 32 illustrations. University of Chicago Press, Chicago, 1909. \$1.

Dr. Masterman is familiar with Galilee, has labored for sixteen years or so in the East and his papers on the history and geography of the Holy Land are regarded as authoritative. Few scholars have his knowledge of the recent history of Palestine and of the life of its people. Geographers will be interested to know that in these pages they will find a lucid account of the Galilee of to-